

Sample questions for Assurance
“How do you know you are saved?”

- 1) What role do good works (or holiness of life) play in the assurance of a Christians salvation?
- 2) What if I don't feel close to God? Should that affect my assurance?
- 3) Would God ever remove a true Christian's assurance from them? If so, why?
- 4) What does Hebrews 6 mean? Can people lose their salvation? If so, can they never be saved again?
- 5) Can a person be truly saved and never show any evidence of that salvation?
- 6) Should we provide assurance to someone living in sin, who says he's a believer because he prayed to trust Christ years ago?
- 7) What is the basis of a Christian's assurance of salvation?
- 8) What part does examining one's self play in the assurance of salvation? (2 Cor. 13:5) Or does it have any role?
- 9) How does the Holy Spirit give us assurance of our salvation as declared in Romans 8:16?
- 10) What role does the church play to aid the individual Christian in the assurance of their salvation?

Sample questions for the Trinity
“Is the Trinity a biblical teaching?”

- 1) What is Arianism?
 - 2) What is Modalism?
 - 3) Col. 1 says Jesus is the "firstborn of all creation." That clearly implies that he was created, correct?
 - 4) Based on the Greek, shouldn't John 1:1 be translated: "In the beginning was the Word, and the Word was with God, and the Word was *a* God"?
 - 5) How do we know that the Holy Spirit is God in the same way as the Father and the Son?
 - 6) If God is Trinity, why didn't he put a verse in the Bible saying, "God is Trinity: Three Persons in One Being"?
 - 7) How would you respond to someone who says, "The Trinity is Emperor Constantine's idea; it was political and not biblical"?
 - 8) In John 17:3, Jesus prays to the Father and calls him "the only true God". If the Father is the only *true* God, than Jesus can't be God. How do you refute such a claim and interpretation?
 - 9) Is 1 John 5:7 from the KJV or NKJV a good verse to use to defend the doctrine of the Trinity? Why or why not?
 - 10) What is meant by the use of the terms "person" and "being" when describing the Trinity?
 - 11) It *seems* that the Bible teaches that Jesus is subordinate to the Father (John 10:29; 14:28, 1 Cor. 15:28)? How then can you define the Trinity as being equal in essence, if Jesus is inferior?
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Sample questions for Marriage
“Defend the Biblical definition of marriage.”

- 1) What are the purposes of marriage?
- 2) Since God seems to have allowed polygamy, why would he not also allow same-sex marriage?
- 3) If someone is not attracted to the opposite sex are they doomed to a life of loneliness?
- 4) What does "in Christ there is neither male nor female" mean in Galatians 3:28?
- 5) How do we know that the Bible's condemnation of homosexuality isn't a cultural thing like head coverings?
- 6) Isn't marriage simply a convention of mankind that has no basis in the biblical text? What proof do you have that would indicate that marriage is not simply a convention of man?
- 7) The Supreme Court has redefined marriage to allow for same-sex relationships. Do they have a right to do that?
- 8) Is it acceptable to hold to a biblical form of marriage and still agree with the Supreme Court decision to redefine marriage?
- 9) Isn't a biblical view of marriage (i.e., a covenant between a man and a woman before God until death) simply for Christians therefore should not be mandatory for unbelievers?
- 10) Jesus never spoke against same-sex marriage or other deviant forms of marriage. How can you say that they are wrong?
- 11) Aren't other forms of marriage other than the traditional view of marriage acceptable if the people involved pursuing a loving, life-long commitment with one another?